

Accession: 20-ASI-N

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Received: 2/20/2020
Completed: 2/24/2020
Reported: 2/25/2020

Results For: SAMPLE REPORT, FEMALE PATIENT

Age: 31 DOB: 1/1/1989

Sex: F

Patient's Tel: Ref. ID:

Specimen Collected: 2/18/2020

## ASI - Adrenal Stress Index (Original) - Saliva

Test	Description	Resu	lt	Ref Values
TAP	Cortisol rhythm (saliva)			Adults:
	06:00 - 08:00 AM	20	Normal	13-24 nM
	11:00 - 1:00 PM	8	Normal	5-10 nM
	04:00 - 05:00 PM	6	Normal	3-8 nM
	10:00 - Midnight	2	Normal	1-4 nM
	Total Cortisol Output:	36		22-46 nM
۸	The Total Cortisol Output i indicate hypercortisolism or adrenal hypofunction.			ol values. Elevated values may , and low values suggest
	Figure 1:			
	The cortisol inducers fall in flowchart. For optimization			es shown in the adjacent pituitary-adrenal (HPA) axis,

all cortisol inducers should be examined and addressed.

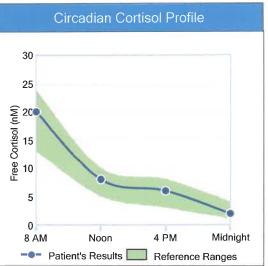
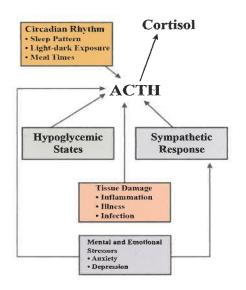


Figure 1:

Inducers of Cortisol Release
Inducers below must be individually examined for successful restoration of adrenals.



**Single Collection** 

Test

DHEA

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	Description	Result	Ref Values
	Dehydroepiandros [DHEA + DHEA-S		Adults: 3-10 ng/ml

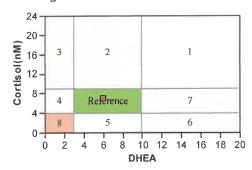
According to the general adaptation syndrome theory originally described by endocrinologist Hans Selye, there are three primary phases to the stress response: 1) alarm reaction, 2) resistance, and 3) exhaustion. Alternately, the stress response may be assessed as a series of stages (or "zones") according to the relative production of cortisol and DHEA. To assess this cortisol-DHEA correlation, the DHEA value is graphed against the average of the noon and afternoon cortisol values, allowing the patient to be characterized according to the zone into which he or she falls.

## Figure 2 shows your Cortisol-DHEA correlation was in:

Reference zone

Individuals with results in the reference zone display a relative balance in average cortisol (noon and afternoon) and DHEA values. Being in the reference zone does not preclude other manifestations of suboptimal adrenal function such as fluctuating cortisol values (elevated and depressed during one day), or impaired circadian rhythm (particularly involving morning or bedtime cortisol production).

Figure 2: Cortisol-DHEA Correlation



## CORTISOL-DHEA CORRELATION SPECTRUM

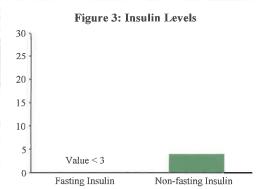
- 1. Acute stress response: high cort, DHEA
- 2. Cortisol elevation
- High cortisol, low DHEA
- 4. Depressed DHEA
- 5. Depressed cortisol
- 6. Low cortisol, high DHEA
- 7. DHEA elevation
- 8. Adrenal hypofunction: low cort, DHEA

Test	Description	Result	Ref Values	
ISN	Insulin (saliva) Fasting Non-fasting	< 3	Borderline Elevated: 3-11 uIU/mL Elevated: > 11 uIU/mL Borderline Elevated: 6-25 uIU/mL Elevated: > 25 uIU/mL	
	Insulin activity is affected by the stress response. Chronic stress with cortisol elevation may counteract the effects of insulin, and may lead to functional insulin resistance.			

Fasting insulin levels may be elevated in cases of insulin resistance.

Non-fasting insulin levels vary with type of meal and time of sample collection. Non-fasting insulin levels may be elevated in cases of insulin resistance.

A normal (non-elevated) insulin test result does not rule out the possibility of insulin resistance or blood sugar dysregulation.



Insulin Levels

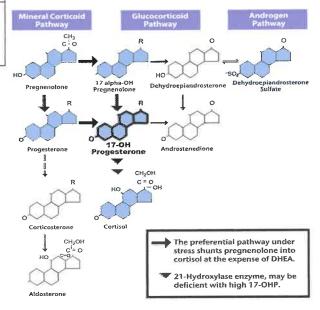
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Accession: 20-ASI-N

Continued Results For: SAMPLE REPORT, FEMALE PATIENT -

Test	Description	Result	Ref Values
Р17-ОН	17-OH Progesterone (saliva)	28 Normal	Adults Optimal: 22-100 pg/ml Borderline: 101-130 pg/ml Elevated: > 130 pg/ml

Figure 4: Adrenal Steroid Synthesis Pathway



Test	Description	Result	Ref Values
MB2S	Total salivary sIgA	14 Normal	Borderline Low: 5-9 mg/dL
			Normal: 10-20 mg/dL
			Borderline High: 21-25 mg/dL
	Normal Secretory IgA.		

## General Information About sIgA

- 1. Secretory IgA (sIgA) is the predominant antibody found on mucosal membranes throughout the body.
- 2. sIgA exists as a dimer of two individual IgA combined with a secretory component that helps protect sIgA from enzymatic degradation.
- 3. One main function of sIgA is immune exclusion, binding to antigens and preventing their adherence and admittance into the body. Typically, sIgA moderates the mucosal inflammatory response.

Test	Description	Result	Ref Values	
FI4	Gluten (gliadin) Ab,	2 Negative	Borderline: 13-15 U/ml	
	sIgA (saliva)		Positive: > 15 U/ml	
	A negative sIgA response to gliadin does not rule out adverse reactions to gluten.			

	Notes on Gliadin Ab Test
1	Gliadins and closely related proteins are found in wheat,
	rye, barley and other grains. These proteins may trigger an
Ì	immune reaction in some individuals. Patients on a gluten-
l	free diet who have not been exposed to gluten for 3 months
	or longer should have a negative sIgA response to gliadin.

Remarks:

SAMPLE REPORT

Diagnosis Code(s): Not Provided To The Lab

Results and comments above are intended for informational purposes and should not be construed as medical advice. Use this report in context of the clinical picture and patient history before initiating any treatment.

For additional resources, including testing guidelines, result interpretation, and treatment protocols, please login to our website at www.diagnostechs.com and select Resources -> Provider Tools.

COURTESY INTERPRETATION of test and technical support are available upon request, to Physicians Only.